» NOVOS 3 VOC

Room sensor for air quality with optional temperature and humidity



Datasheet

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With design cover (left), standard design w/o design cover (right)

» APPLICATION

Room sensor for recording mixed gas and additionally temperature and humidity (relative, absolute, enthalpy, dew point). The maintenance-free sensor creates the conditions for a pleasant indoor climate and well-being. Typical applications are schools, office buildings, hotels, cinemas or similar.

»TYPES AVAILABLE

Room air quality sensor VOC - active 0..10 V | 4..20 mA

NOVOS 3 VOC V NOVOS 3 VOC A

Room air quality sensor VOC + temperature - active 2x 0..10 V | 2x 4..20 mA

NOVOS 3 VOC Temp VV NOVOS 3 VOC Temp AA

Room air quality sensor VOC + temperature + humidity - active 3xV 0..10 V | 3xA 4..20 mA

NOVOS 3 VOC Temp_rH 3xV NOVOS 3 VOC Temp_rH 3xA

» SECURITY ADVICE - CAUTION



The installation and assembly of electrical equipment should only be performed by authorized personnel.

The product should only be used for the intended application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited! The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten, directly or indirectly, human health or life or result in danger to human beings, animals or assets. Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Please comply with

- Local laws, health & safety regulations, technical standards and regulations
- Condition of the device at the time of installation, to ensure safe installation
- This data sheet and installation manual

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» NOTES ON DISPOSAL



As a component of a large-scale fixed installation, Thermokon products are intended to be used permanently as part of a building or a structure at a pre-defined and dedicated location, hence the Waste Electrical and Electronic Act (WEEE) is not applicable. However, most of the products may contain valuable materials that should be recycled and not disposed of as domestic waste. Please note the relevant regulations for local disposal.

» REMARKS TO ROOM SENSORS

Location and Accuracy of Room Sensors

The room sensor should be mounted in a suitable location for measuring accurate room temperature. The accuracy of the temperature measurement also depends directly on the temperature dynamics of the wall. It is important, that the back plate is completely flush to the wall so that the circulation of air occurs through the vents in the cover. Otherwise, deviations in temperature measurement will occur due to uncontrolled air circulation. Also the temperature sensor should not be covered by furniture or similar devices. Mounting next to doors (due to draught) or windows (due to colder outside wall) should be avoided. The temperature dynamics of the wall will influence the temperature measurement. Various wall types (brick, concrete, dividing and hollow brickwork) all have different behaviours with regards to thermal variations.

Surface and Flush Mounting

The temperature dynamics of the wall influence the measurement result of the sensor. Various wall types (brick, concrete, dividing and hollow brickwork) have different behaviours with regard to thermal variations. A solid concrete wall responds to thermal fluctuations within a room in a much slower way than a light-weight structure wall. Room temperature sensors installed in flush boxes have a longer response time to thermal variations. In extreme cases they detect the radiant heat of the wall even if the air temperature in the room is lower for example. The quicker the dynamics of the wall (temperature acceptance of the wall) or the longer the selected inquiry interval of the temperature sensor is the smaller the deviations limited in time are.

»BUILD-UP OF SELF-HEATING BY ELECTRICAL DISSIPATIVE POWER

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power, which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. This dissipative power has to be considered when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage ($\pm 0.2 \text{ V}$) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Thermokon transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0..10 V / 4..20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of 24 V =. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics. If a re-calibration should become necessary later directly on the sensor, this can be done by means of the NOVOSapp software and an optional Bluetooth interface. (additionally with sensors with BUS interface via an appropriate software variable).

Remark: Occurring draft leads to a better carrying-off of dissipative power at the sensor. Thus temporally limited fluctuations might occur upon temperature measurement.

» APPLICATION NOTICE FOR HUMIDITY SENSORS

Refrain from touching the sensitive humidity sensor/element. Touching the sensitive surface will void warranty.

For standard environmental conditions re-calibration is recommended once a year to maintain the specified accuracy.

When exposed to high ambient temperature and/or high levels of humidity or presence of aggressive gases (i.e. chlorine, ozone, ammonia) the sensor element may be affected and re-calibration may be required sooner than specified. Re-calibration and deterioration of the humidity sensor due to environmental conditions are not subject of the general warranty.

» APPLICATION NOTICE FOR AIR QUALITY SENSORS VOC

Unlike CO₂ sensors, which specifically measure CO₂, mixed gas sensors detect a wide range of gases. The sensor signal does not indicate the type of gas or it's concentration in ppm. Mixed gas sensors detect gases and vapours consisting of carbohydrates, or more generally gases that can be oxidised (burnt): Odours, perfume, cleaning fluid scent, tobacco smoke, new materials fumigations (furniture, carpets, paint, glue ...).

Unlike CO₂, which humans cannot sense, the amount of odours (VOC) indicates the level of air quality. VOC sensors have proven their value in a multitude of applications for many years.

Measuring principle:

A heated tin dioxide semiconductor sensor burns (oxidizes) organic molecules that come into contact with it, thereby changing the resistance of the semiconductor. The change in resistance is characteristic for the type and concentration of the molecules. Gas mixtures such as air produce a mixed signal that can not be deduced from individual components. CO2 can not be detected because it can not be burned.

Refrain from touching the sensor's element sensitive surface. Touching the sensitive surface element will void warranty.

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»INFORMATION ABOUT CALIBRATION VOC

Similar to a catalyst, the sensitivity of the sensor decreases over time. The VOC sensor compensates for this decrease in sensitivity through regular auto-calibration.

The measured values are recorded over a period of 24 hours. The lowest value within this period is used as the reference value ("new zero level") for clean, fresh air. Measured thereafter, lower readings result in an immediate adjustment of the reference value.

»TECHNICAL DATA

Measuring values	VOC + temperature (op	VOC + temperature (optional) + humidity (optional)			
Output voltage (type-dependent)	V VV 3xV 1x/2x/3x 010 V or 05 V, min load 10 kΩ (live-zero configuration 110/210 V) configurable via Thermokon NOVOSapp				
Output Amp (type-dependent)	A AA 3xA 1x/2x/3x 420 mA, max. load 500 Ω				
Power supply (type-dependent)	V VV 3xV 1535 V = or 1929 V ~ SELV		A AA 3xA 1535 V = SELV		
Power consumption (type-dependent)	V VV 3xV typ. 0,4 W (24 V =) 0,8 VA (24 V ~)		A AA 3xA max. 0,5 W / 24 V =		
Output signal range temp. *scaling analogue output	0+50 °C (default setting), selectable from 4 temperature ranges -50+50 0+50 -15+35 -20+80 °C, configurable via NOVOSapp				
Measuring range humidity (type-dependent)	relative humidty (default) 0100% rH	Enthalpy 085 KJ/kg	absolute humidity 050 080 g/m³,	dew point 0+50 -20+80 °C,	
	configurable via Thermokon NOVOSapp				
Accuracy temperature (type-dependent)	±0,5K (typ. at 21 °C)				
Accuracy humidity (type-dependent)	±2% between 1090% rH (typ. at 21 °C)				
Calibration	VOC self-calibration				
Sensor	VOC sensor (heated me	VOC sensor (heated metal oxide semiconductor)			
Enclosure	PC V0, pure white, design cover (optional)				
Protection	IP20 according to DIN EN 60529				
Cable entry	rear entry, breaking points bottom, drill mark top				
Connection electrical	tool-free mountable spring terminal, max. 1,5 mm²				
Ambient condition	0+50 °C, max. 85% non-condensing				
Mounting	surface mounted on flush-mounting box (\emptyset =2.36in. 60 mm) or to be mounted flat onto the surface using screws, base part can be mounted and wired separately				
Notes	mixed gas sensors detect gases and vapours which can be oxidised (burnt): Body odours, tobacco smoke, exhalations emitted by materials (furniture, carpets, paint, glue)				

» PRODUCT TESTING AND CERTIFICATION



Declaration of conformity

The declaration of conformity of the products can be found on our website https://www.thermokon.de/.

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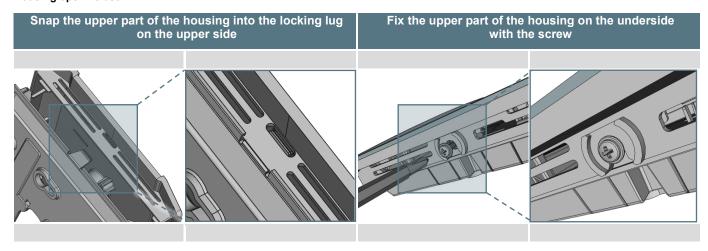
» MOUNTING ADVICES

Please make sure that the device is de-energized if you want to install it!

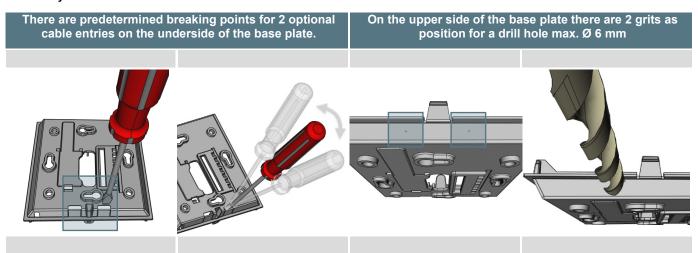
The installation can be performed on the flat wall surface or on a flush-mounted box. A representative place should be selected. Sunshine and draft, e.g. in the installation tube should be avoided, so that the measurement result is not falsified. Seal the end of the installation tube.

- For wiring, the upper part of the device must be removed from the base plate. Base plate and upper part are detachably connected to each other by means of locking lugs.
- The mounting of the base plate on the flat wall surface is done with rawplugs and screws.
- Finally, the device is attached to the base plate and fixed with the screw.

Housing open / close



Cable entry





When using a drill, you should absolutely ensure that the base plate is firmly clamped. Before drilling, the pressure must be reduced and carefully drilled. A sudden break-through of the drill bit can be the result.

» CONFIGURATION

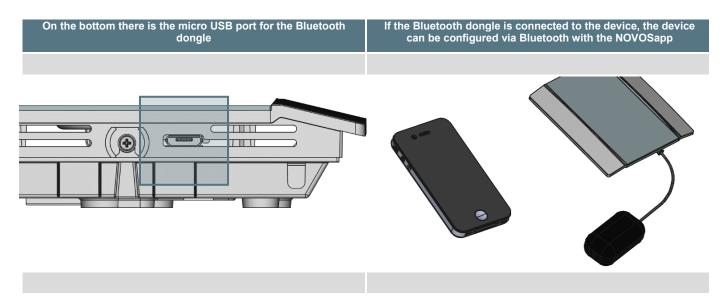


The Thermokon bluetooth dongle with micro-USB is required for communication between NOVOSapp and NOVOS products (Item No.: 668262). Commercial bluetooth dongles are not compatible.

Application-specific reconfiguration of the devices can be performed using the Thermokon NOVOSapp. The configuration performed in voltage-supplied state.

The configuration-app and the app description can be found in the Google Play Store or in the Apple App Store.

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» CONNECTION PLAN

The following connection diagrams show the assignment of measuring values to analog outputs in factory default. Output variables reconfigurable via Thermokon NOVOSapp.

Room sensor VOC - active V 0..10 V | A 4..20 mA

NOVOS 3 VOC VV	NOVOS 3 VOC A
AOU1	

Room sensor VOC + temperature - active 2x V 0..10 V | 2x A 4..20 mA

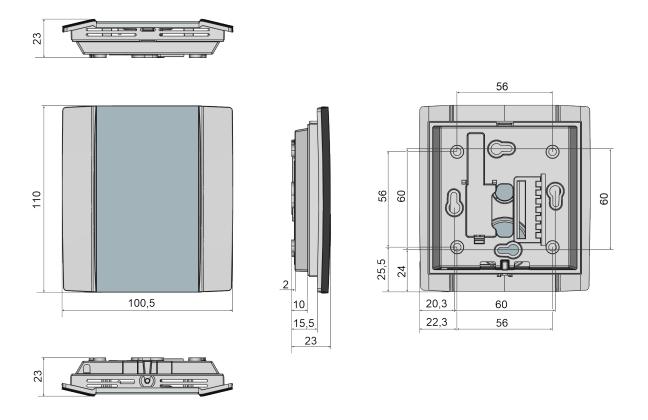
NOVOS 3 VOC + Temp VV	NOVOS 3 VOC + Temp AA
-AOU2	

Room sensor VOC + temperature + humidity - active 3xV 0..10 V | 3xA 4..20 mA

NOVOS 3 + VOC + Temp_rH 3xV	NOVOS 3 VOC + Temp_rH 3xA	
AOU3— Temperature 010 V AOU2— Humidity 010 V AOU1— VOC 010 V AOU1— 0 V ⊥ AOU1— 1535 V = oder 1929 V ~	-AOI3	

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» DIMENSIONS (MM)



» ACCESSORIES (OPTIONAL)

Rawlplugs and screws (2 pcs. each)
Frame for surface mounting NOVOS 3
Bluetooth dongle

PSU-UP24 – flush mount power supply 24 V (AC Input: 100..240 V \sim | DC Output 24 V = 0,5 A)

Item No. 102209 Item No. 634472 Item No. 668262 Item No. 645737